## Transcontinental Inc. Investment Paper

## Executive Summary

- Business: Transcontinental is a leading printing company in Canada. In 2018, it acquired Coveris, a leading flexible packaging manufacturer in the US to find growth as the printing business has been facing a secular decline.
- Valuation: The 2020 target price of $\$ 24.4$ per share.
- Recommendation: BUY for the following grounds:
- Attractive potential upside of $65.6 \%$.
- Attractive dividend yield of $5.9 \%$.
- The printing business is generating solid operating cash flow despite its gloomy outlook.
- The cash flow will help Transcontinental de-leverage and then pursue M\&A opportunities in the packaging sector to find growth.
- The flexible packaging business has bright outlook on the back of the growth of consumer spending in the US.
- Management proved their vision and capability by divesting and rationalizing production of the declining business and acquiring business with better outlook.


## Notes:

- Sum-of-the-part DCF valuation was not carried out due to a lack of segmental information.
- Scenario analysis was performed to estimate Transcontinental's valuation if the known risks intensify. That said, the risks might not occur simultaneously.
- Target multiples are of comparable peers (Bloomberg).


## Financial Projections

## Financial Projections

| Financial Projections |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| US\$M otherwise stated | 2014A | 2015A | 2016A | 2017A | 2018A | 2019F | 2020F | 2021F | 2022F | 2023F | 2024F |
| Revenue | 2,069 | 2,002 | 2,020 | 2,007 | 2,624 | 3,000 | 2,950 | 2,904 | 2,878 | 2,855 | 2,836 |
| Packaging | 49 | 113 | 220 | 308 | 977 | 1,592 | 1,608 | 1,624 | 1,657 | 1,690 | 1,724 |
| Printing | 1,604 | 1,565 | 1,353 | 1,501 | 1,443 | 1,306 | 1,241 | 1,179 | 1,120 | 1,064 | 1,011 |
| Others | 416 | 324 | 447 | 198 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 360 | 379 | 390 | 397 | 459 | 439 | 424 | 423 | 417 | 411 | 406 |
| Packaging | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 36 | 117 | 191 | 201 | 211 | 215 | 220 | 224 |
| Printing | 346 | 359 | 363 | 371 | 332 | 248 | 223 | 212 | 202 | 191 | 182 |
| Others | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | -10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Operating Profit | 169 | 284 | 213 | 303 | 367 | 208 | 219 | 209 | 191 | 197 | 189 |
| Adjusted Operating Profit | 257 | 277 | 283 | 311 | 334 | 314 | 294 | 284 | 265 | 272 | 263 |
| Interest Expenses | 20 | 6 | 16 | 18 | 37 | 57 | 47 | 46 | 41 | 36 | 32 |
| Adjusted Income after Tax | 185 | 211 | 209 | 229 | 232 | 196 | 188 | 181 | 171 | 179 | 176 |
| Growth | n.a. | 13.9\% | -1.1\% | 9.7\% | 1.5\% | -15.8\% | -4.2\% | -3.7\% | -5.4\% | 4.7\% | -1.6\% |
| Adjusted EPS (\$) | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 35 | 39 | 17 | 247 | 41 | 92 | 121 | 132 | 101 | 86 | 101 |
| Total Debts | 477 | 384 | 348 | 348 | 1,461 | 1,276 | 1,146 | 996 | 846 | 716 | 616 |
| Shareholders' Equity | 792 | 1,016 | 1,069 | 1,219 | 1,634 | 1,680 | 1,736 | 1,786 | 1,825 | 1,873 | 1,918 |
| Total Assets | 2,027 | 2,098 | 2,062 | 2,137 | 3,782 | 3,618 | 3,538 | 3,431 | 3,316 | 3,231 | 3,174 |
| Operating Cash Flow | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 341 | 343 | 345 | 344 | 339 | 339 |
| Capex | n.a. | п.a. | n.a. | 48.8 | 80 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 150 | 150 | 150 |

- Adjusted EBITDA: Operating earnings before the accelerated recognition of deferred revenue, accelerated depreciation, restructuring and other gains/ (losses), impairment of assets and reversal of the fair value adjustment of inventory sold arising from business combinations.
- Adjusted Operating Profit: Adjusted EBITDA minus (-) depreciation and amortization plus (+) amortization of intangible assets arising from business combinations.


## Investment Risk Analysis

- Printing business: The flyer printing business is facing significant headwind due to the emergence of digital flyer which is more economical and environmental-friendly than the print flyer. The magazine and newspaper printing segments have also been witnessing a secular decline.
- Packaging business:
- Potential risks associated with integrating and operating Coveris which is much larger in size than the pre-acquisition packaging business of Transcontinental.
- Competition risk will be higher as companies in the industry pursue M\&As, which make them more competitive through scale benefits. The merger between Bemis and Amcor is an example.
- Both businesses face raw material price risk (resin, paper...). Although the company has been able to secure pass-through term with customers, the risk persists due to the lag time (typically 90 days in packaging) and a possible negative impact on consumption (printing).
- In both businesses, Transcontinental deals with large customers who have relatively high bargaining power. Also, losing major customers will significantly impact the company performance.
- The company is highly leveraged after the acquisition of Coveris. The high leverage causes financial pressures and hinders the company's ability to pursue significant M\&As to find growth.


## Industry Overview

## The US Flexible Packaging Market:

- The industry revenue in 2017 was estimated at US $\$ 30$ billion, of which $59 \%$ was attributed by sales to the food and beverage sector (Flexible Packaging Association).
- Raw material accounted for approximately $50 \%$ to $60 \%$ of cost of goods sold (Amcor - Scheme Booklet).
- The industry is characterized by the large number of companies (400). Top 10 companies accounted for approximately $50 \%$ market share in 2017. More consolidations are expected (Flexible Packaging Magazine).
- The industry is expected to grow at a CAGR of $2.0 \%$ during 2020 to 2024. That is in line with the expected annual growth in consumer spending of 2\% p.a. (IBIS World, the US Plastic Film, Sheet and Bag Manufacturing Report).


## Canadian Printing Industry:

- The industry revenue in 2019 is estimated at $\$ 9.2$ billion. The key target customer groups include manufacturers (21.1\%), publishers (16.9\%) and advertisers (15.1\%) (IBIS World - Canadian Printing Industry).
- The industry has been witnessing a trend of revenue decline as digital media continues to gain popularity on the back of cost and environmental factors. IBIS World predicts an annual decline rate of 1.4\% from 2019 to 2024.
- Particularly for the flyer printing segment, platforms such as Flipp and Reebee allure retailers due to cost effectiveness and better reach. From the environmental perspective, as an example, Metro Inc., a leading grocery retailer, targets to reduce paper used for flyers by $10 \%$ from 2019 to 2022.


## Financial Projection - Income Statement

| Income Statement - Base Case |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Audited |  |  |  |  | Projected |  |  |  |  |  |
| US\$ M otherwise stated | 2014A | 2015A | 2016A | 2017A | 2018A | 2019E | 2020E | 2021E | 2022E | 2023E | 2024E |
| Revenue | 2,069 | 2,002 | 2,020 | 2,007 | 2,624 | 3,000 | 2,950 | 2,904 | 2,878 | 2,855 | 2,836 |
| Growth | -1.3\% | -3.2\% | 0.9\% | -0.6\% | 30.7\% | 14.3\% | -1.6\% | -1.6\% | -0.9\% | -0.8\% | -0.7\% |
| Packaging | 49 | 113 | 220 | 308 | 977 | 1,592 | 1,608 | 1,624 | 1,657 | 1,690 | 1,724 |
| Printing | 1,604 | 1,565 | 1,353 | 1,501 | 1,443 | 1,306 | 1,241 | 1,179 | 1,120 | 1,064 | 1,011 |
| Others | 416 | 324 | 447 | 198 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 101 |
| Accelerated Recognition | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 102 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Adjusted EBITDA | 360 | 379 | 390 | 397 | 459 | 439 | 424 | 423 | 417 | 411 | 406 |
| Margin | 17.4\% | 18.9\% | 19.3\% | 19.8\% | 17.5\% | 14.6\% | 14.4\% | 14.6\% | 14.5\% | 14.4\% | 14.3\% |
| Packaging | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 36 | 117 | 191 | 201 | 211 | 215 | 220 | 224 |
| Printing | 346 | 359 | 363 | 371 | 332 | 248 | 223 | 212 | 202 | 191 | 182 |
| Others | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | -10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Accelerated Recognition | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 102 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Restructuring, Impairment of Assets a | (88) | 7 | (71) | 9 | (25) | (32) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Depreciation and Amortization | 103 | 102 | 107 | 103 | 125 | 125 | 131 | 139 | 152 | 139 | 143 |
| Amortization of Intangible Assets fror | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 45 | 74 | 74 | 74 | 74 | 74 | 74 |
| Operating Profit | 169 | 284 | 213 | 303 | 367 | 208 | 219 | 209 | 191 | 197 | 189 |
| Adjusted Operating Profit (*) | 257 | 277 | 283 | 311 | 334 | 314 | 294 | 284 | 265 | 272 | 263 |
| Margin | 12.4\% | 13.8\% | 14.0\% | 15.5\% | 12.7\% | 10.5\% | 10.0\% | 9.8\% | 9.2\% | 9.5\% | 9.3\% |
| Growth | 10.3\% | 7.7\% | 2.4\% | 9.8\% | 7.5\% | -6.0\% | -6.6\% | -3.4\% | -6.6\% | 2.5\% | -3.1\% |
| Net Financial Expenses | 20 | 6 | 16 | 18 | 37 | 57 | 47 | 46 | 41 | 36 | 32 |
| Pretax Income | 150 | 278 | 197 | 285 | 331 | 151 | 172 | 163 | 150 | 161 | 157 |
| Income Taxes | 39 | 16 | 51 | 73 | 81 | 36 | 41 | 39 | 36 | 39 | 38 |
| Impact of US Tax Reform |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 37 | 30 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Net Income | 111 | 262 | 146 | 212 | 213 | 85 | 131 | 124 | 114 | 122 | 119 |
| Adjusted Net Income | 185 | 211 | 209 | 229 | 232 | 196 | 188 | 181 | 171 | 179 | 176 |
| Net Margin | 5.4\% | 13.1\% | 7.2\% | 10.5\% | 8.1\% | 2.8\% | 4.4\% | 4.3\% | 4.0\% | 4.3\% | 4.2\% |
| Shares Outstanding (million) | 78 | 78 | 78 | 77 | 83 | 83 | 83 | 83 | 83 | 83 | 83 |
| EPS (\$) | 1.4 | 3.3 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| Adjusted EPS | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
| Growth | -726\% | 135\% | -44\% | 46\% | -6\% | -15.8\% | -4.2\% | -3.7\% | -5.4\% | 4.7\% | -1.6\% |

## Financial Projection - Balance Sheet

Balance Sheet - Base Case

| US\$ M otherwise stated | Audited |  |  |  |  | Projected |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2014A | 2015A | 2016A | 2017A | 2018A | 2019E | 2020E | 2021E | 2022E | 2023E | $\underline{\mathbf{2 0 2 4 E}}$ |
| ASSETS: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 35 | 39 | 17 | 247 | 41 | 92 | 121 | 132 | 101 | 86 | 101 |
| Accounts Receivable | 415 | 393 | 402 | 381 | 565 | 533 | 524 | 516 | 511 | 507 | 503 |
| Inventory | 94 | 116 | 120 | 117 | 306 | 288 | 283 | 279 | 276 | 274 | 272 |
| Prepaid Expenses | 15 | 16 | 16 | 18 | 25 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 22 | 22 | 22 |
| Income Tax Receivables | 16 | 15 | 6 | 17 |  | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Current Assets | 575 | 579 | 560 | 780 | 943 | 943 | 958 | 955 | 916 | 895 | 905 |
| PP\&E - Gross | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 1,943 | 1,978 | 2,088 | 2,198 | 2,348 | 2,498 | 2,648 |
| Less: Accum. Depn. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | (1,054) | (1,202) | $(1,355)$ | (1,517) | (1,691) | $(1,854)$ | (2,019) |
| Net PP\&E | 566 | 568 | 566 | 501 | 889 | 776 | 733 | 681 | 656 | 644 | 629 |
| Intangible Assets | 253 | 258 | 217 | 171 | 747 | 695 | 644 | 592 | 540 | 489 | 437 |
| Deferred Income Tax | 152 | 182 | 171 | 139 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 | 18 |
| Goodwill | 420 | 460 | 510 | 505 | 1,150 | 1,150 | 1,150 | 1,150 | 1,150 | 1,150 | 1,150 |
| Other Assets | 61 | 53 | 38 | 41 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| Total Assets | $\underline{\underline{2,027}}$ | $\underline{\underline{2,098}}$ | $\underline{\underline{2,062}}$ | $\underline{\underline{2,137}}$ | $\underline{\underline{3,782}}$ | $\underline{\underline{3,618}}$ | $\underline{\underline{3,538}}$ | $\underline{\underline{3,431}}$ | $\underline{\underline{3,316}}$ | $\underline{\underline{3,231}}$ | $\underline{\underline{3,174}}$ |
| LIABILITIES \& EQUITY: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts Payable | 302 | 340 | 316 | 305 | 432 | 407 | 400 | 394 | 390 | 387 | 384 |
| Deferred Revenue and Deposits | 61 | 51 | 55 | 45 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Provision | 20 | 10 | 10 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Income Tax Payable | 31 | 21 | 4 | 10 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| Current Liabilities | 414 | 422 | 385 | $365{ }^{\text {² }}$ | 466 | 441 | 434 | 428 | 425 | 421 | 419 |
| Revolving Debt | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Current Portion of Long-term Debt | 118 | 36 | 0 | - | 251 | 149 | 345 | 475 | 148 | 100 | 0 |
| Term Loan | 359 | 348 | 348 | 348 | 1,210 | 1,128 | 801 | 521 | 698 | 616 | 616 |
| Total Debt | 477 | 384 | 348 | 348 | 1,461 | 1,276 | 1,146 | 996 | 846 | 716 | 616 |
| Deferred Income Taxes | 85 | 64 | 43 | 44 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 |
| Provision | 30 | 6 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Other Liabilities | 229 | 206 | 214 | 159 | 120 | 120 | 120 | 120 | 120 | 120 | 120 |
| Total Liabilities | 1,235 | 1,082 | 994 | 918 | 2,148 | 1,938 | 1,801 | 1,645 | 1,492 | 1,358 | 1,256 |
| Common Equity | 366 | 368 | 362 | 372 | 642 | 642 | 642 | 642 | 642 | 642 | 642 |
| Retain Earnings | 416 | 626 | 701 | 852 | 980 | 1,025 ${ }^{\text {² }}$ | 1,082 ${ }^{\text {² }}$ | 1,131 | 1,171 | 1,219 ${ }^{\text {² }}$ | 1,264 |
| Others | 11 | 23 | 6 | -4 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Liabilities \& Equity | $\underline{2,027}$ | $\underline{\underline{2,098}}$ | $\underline{\underline{2,062}}$ | $\underline{\underline{2,137}}$ | 3,782 | 3,618 | 3,538 | 3,431 | 3,316 | 3,231 | 3,174 |

## Forecast and Valuation Assumptions

## - Revenue:

- Packaging: Revenue in 2019 is expected to decline by $2 \%$ which is in line with the year-to-date performance. Revenues in 2020 and 2021 are expected to grow at $1 \%$ p.a. which is lower than the forecasted growth of the industry to take into the possibility that Transcontinental needs more time to integrate and run Coveris smoothly. Revenue growth post 2021 are expected to be in line with that of the industry.
- Printing: Printing revenue is expected to decline by 5\% p.a. during the projection period to reflect the on-going trend.
- EBITDA Margin:
- Packaging: Assuming EBITDA margin is gradually improved from $11.9 \%$ in 2018 to $13 \%$ in 2021 and stable afterward. The expected EBITDA margin is less than management target of $15 \%$ by 2021 as (1) Bemis, whose size is almost double that of Coveris, posted an EBITDA of $14 \%$ in 2018, and (2) there is no strong ground for management to fully realize the expected synergy of $\$ 20$ million as the combined packaging business did not increase in size significantly.
- Printing: The EBITDA margin is expected to gradually reduce to $18 \%$ by 2021 as the Company might have to lower price to retain its business, especially in the print flyer segment. The margin is expected to be stable afterward assuming that Transcontinental is able to rationalize its production facility and labor force to cope with the expected decline in revenue.
- Business Income Tax: The effective business income tax is estimated at $24 \%$ as income from the US operation is subject to lower tax rate (21\%) than that in Canada (approximately $26.7 \%$ of combined tax rate)
- Capex: Capex during 2019-2021 is assumed at $\$ 110$ million p.a. which is mainly for the big maintenance purpose as Coveris benefits from the $\$ 140$ million capex before the acquisition and as there is no foreseen expansion of the printing segment. Capex during 2022-2024 is forecast to be higher at $\$ 150$ million p.a. to accommodate the expected growth of Coveris.
- Dividend: Dividend is expected to be at 22\% of operating cash flow as it was in 2018.
- De-leveraging: The remaining operating cashflow after capex and dividend payment is expected to finance for de-leveraging.
- M\&A: Assuming no significant M\&A during the projection period.


## DCF Valuation

| VALUATION ANALYSIS, FCFF - BASE CASE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| US\$ M otherwise stated | Projected |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2019E | 2020E | 2021E | 2022E | 2023E | 2024E |
| Free Cash Flow Calculation |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EBIT | 314 | 294 | 284 | 265 | 272 | 263 |
| Plus: Depreciation | 199 | 205 | 214 | 226 | 214 | 217 |
| EBITDA | 514 | 499 | 498 | 491 | 486 | 480 |
| Less: Capex | (110) | (110) | (110) | (150) | (150) | (150) |
| EBITDA Less Capex | 404 | 389 | 388 | 341 | 336 | 330 |
| Less: Taxes | (36) | (41) | (39) | (36) | (39) | (38) |
| Less: Changes in Working Capital | 27 | 7 | 7 | 4 | 3 | 3 |
| FCFF | 395 | 355 | 355 | 309 | 300 | 296 |
| DCF Firm Value Calculation |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Terminal Value Calculation |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Terminal Value Growth Rate |  |  |  |  |  | (2.0\%) |
| Projected Free Cash Flow |  |  |  |  |  | 290 |
| WACC | 8.2\% | 8.5\% | 8.9\% | 9.2\% | 9.5\% | 9.8\% |
| Terminal Enterprise Value |  |  |  |  |  | 2,446 |
| Implied Term. Value EBITDA Multiple |  |  |  |  |  | 5.1 x |
| DCF Firm Value At Year t |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Free Cash Flow to Firm at year t |  | 355 | 326 | 259 | 228 | 203 |
| Sum |  | 1,372 |  |  |  |  |
| Terminal Value at year 0 |  | 1,913 |  |  |  |  |
| DCF Firm Value at year 0 |  | 3,284 |  |  |  |  |
| Net debt |  | 1,025 |  |  |  |  |
| Equity value |  | 2,260 |  |  |  |  |
| Shares outstanding |  | 83 |  |  |  |  |
| DCF Value per Share (\$) |  | 27 |  |  |  |  |
| EV/EBITDA |  | 7.7x |  |  |  |  |
| PE |  | 12.0x |  |  |  |  |
| Dividend yield |  | 3.3\% |  |  |  |  |

## Appendix 1: DCF Valuation - Scenario Analysis

| Scenario Analysis |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Case | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| Packaging Revenue Growth | Upside Case | 2.0\% | 2.0\% | 2.5\% | 2.5\% | 2.5\% |
|  | Base Case | 1.0\% | 1.0\% | 2.0\% | 2.0\% | 2.0\% |
|  | Downside Case | (3.0\%) | (3.0\%) | (3.0\%) | (3.0\%) | (3.0\%) |
| Packaging Adjusted EBITDA Margin | Upside Case | 13.0\% | 13.5\% | 14.0\% | 14.0\% | 14.0\% |
|  | Base Case | 12.5\% | 13.0\% | 13.0\% | 13.0\% | 13.0\% |
|  | Downside Case | 11.0\% | 11.0\% | 11.0\% | 11.0\% | 11.0\% |
| Printing Revenue Decline | Upside Case | (3.0\%) | (3.0\%) | (3.0\%) | (3.0\%) | (3.0\%) |
|  | Base Case | (5.0\%) | (5.0\%) | (5.0\%) | (5.0\%) | (5.0\%) |
|  | Downside Case | (7.0\%) | (7.0\%) | (7.0\%) | (7.0\%) | (7.0\%) |
| Printing Adjusted EBITDA Margin | Upside Case | 19.0\% | 19.0\% | 19.0\% | 19.0\% | 19.0\% |
|  | Base Case | 18.0\% | 18.0\% | 18.0\% | 18.0\% | 18.0\% |
|  | Downside Case | 15.0\% | 15.0\% | 15.0\% | 15.0\% | 15.0\% |
| Terminal Growth Rate | Upside Case |  |  |  |  | 0.0\% |
|  | Base Case |  |  |  |  | -2.0\% |
|  | Downside Case |  |  |  |  | -3.0\% |

## Appendix 2: Peers Comparable

| Ticker | Name | Ticker | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mkt Cap } \\ & \text { (US\$ M) } \end{aligned}$ | P/E | $\begin{gathered} \text { EV/EBITDA } \\ \text { T12M } \end{gathered}$ | Price to Sales | Net Sales T12M (US\$ M) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { EBITDA Adj } \\ & \text { T12M } \\ & \text { (US\$ M) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tot Debt LF } \\ & \text { T12M } \\ & \text { (US\$ M) } \end{aligned}$ | Debt/Assets LF |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TCL/A CN Equity | TRANSCONTINENTAL INC-CL A | TCL/A CN | 1,306 | 10.6x | 5.5x | 0.4x | 3,077 | 459 | 1,276 | 35.3\% |
| Packaging |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Median |  |  |  | 16.5x | 9.0x | 1.2x | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 35.6\% |
| AMCR US Equity | AMCOR PLC | AMCR US | 21,132 | 27.1 | 14.3 | 1.2 | 12,523 | 2,230 | 7,991 | 35.6\% |
| SEE US Equity | SEALED AIR CORP | SEE US | 8,080 | 14.5 | 10.6 | 1.3 | 6,250 | 1,219 | 4,740 | 69.4\% |
| BERY US Equity | BERRY GLOBAL GROUP INC | BERY US | 6,744 | 16.5 | 9.0 | 0.6 | 10,477 | 1,793 | 7,159 | 62.1\% |
| WPK CN Equity | WINPAK LTD | WPK CN | 3,034 | 20.1 | 9.0 | 2.6 | 1,174 | 261 | 0 | 0.0\% |
| MNDI LN Equity | MONDI PLC | MNDI LN | 12,690 | 9.3 | 6.9 | 1.2 | 11,365 | 2,700 | 3,598 | 28.7\% |
| Printing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Median |  |  |  | 21.5x | 4.3x | 0.1x | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | 51.6\% |
| QUAD US Equity | QUAD GRAPHICS INC | QUAD US | 675 | 21.5 | 4.5 | 0.1 | 5,586 | 465 | 1,624 | 48.7\% |
| LKSD US Equity | LSC COMMUNICATIONS INC | LKSD US | 63 | n.a. | 4.2 | 0.0 | 4,857 | 317 | 1,342 | 54.6\% |
| Source: Bloomberg - November 02, 2019 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

THANK YOU

